Session on PPD in Fragile and Conflict-affected States

COTE D’IVOIRE PPD OVERVIEW

Wednesday March 11, 2015
Presented by Ramatou FALL, Head of Investment Climate
CEPICI

Ministère auprès du Premier Ministre, chargé de l’Economie et des Finance - RCI
Private Sector Key to Industrialization by 2025

**Vision**

**Instruments**

Public Private Liaison Committee (1990):
- leaded by Economic and Finance Ministry
- review of private sector tax concerns

COM–INVEST of CEPICI established in 1993
- Placed under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister’s office;
- 22 members (Government and business community stakeholders) to address Private Sector’s needs to realize government investment policies and economic growth;

**Results**

A Consensus between Public and Private Sector for the adoption of yearly tax law

Adoption of CIV 1995 investments’ Code in replacement of 1984 to address Private Sector’s competitiveness needs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Prior crisis (FCFA, Millions)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FDI</td>
<td>664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDI</td>
<td>626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1290</td>
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*In December 1999, Côte d’Ivoire suffered its first military coup followed by a military transition until the general election in 2000.*
Côte d’Ivoire PPD 2000 – 2010 Overview: Crisis times

Vision

Côte d’Ivoire emerging into 2040:

Reconstruction through Decentralization of the Power

Instruments

COM–INVEST (CEPICI)

Public Private Dialogue Committee (CCESP) in place of Public Private Liaison Committee (2001)

Results

• Malfunction of the apparatus of production of the private sector in line with State objectives;

• Decrease of government commitment to set a clear policy around Public / Private Dialogue;

• Inertia of COM–INVEST and CCESP;

• Dissemination of structures.

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<th>Items (FCFA, Millions)</th>
<th>During the crisis 2003–2010</th>
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<tr>
<td>FDI</td>
<td>577</td>
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<tr>
<td>NDI</td>
<td>693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1270</td>
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DB

Ranking 2007 2008 2009 2010

141 155 163 168

‘In September 2000, military and political crisis with the partition of the country into two'
Côte d’Ivoire PPD 2010 – 2015 Overview: Post crisis

**CEPICI**
In 2012: Restructured and placed under the Presidency.
- Top management’s composed with the three main Business community members and 4 key ministers
- National Doing Business Reform Committee with Prime Minister chairmanship, ministers committee and Working groups all composed with representative of both Private and Public Sectors;
- Top 10 reformers over 2 DB Reports cycles (2014 & 2015), from 177th to 147th

**CASHEW AND COTTON COUNCIL**
In 2013: create to production optimization and increase transformation of these raw materials
Management Board: 12 members (half Private Sector, half Public Sector)

PPD platform to boost cashew nuts manufacturing and sustainable development

**PRIVATE SECTOR KEY TO RECOVERY AND ECONOMIC GROWTH:**
*Transform Côte d’Ivoire into an emerging country by 2020.*

**CCESP**
In 2013: Revitalization and placed under the Prime Minister Office

Designed to establish an ongoing and more inclusive dialogue

- Prospects: National Day of State and Private Sector Partnership to
  - Evaluate the impact of PPD on the economic development
  - Lay the foundations for a national public-private Dialogue Strategy

**OTHER PPDs:**
- Cocoa and Coffee Council
- Tax reform Committee
- National Labor Council